Gazette of the United States, and Philadelphia Daily Advertiser.

By JOHN WARD FENNO, N° 119, Chesnut-Street.

NUMBER 1990] PHILADELPHIA: SATURDAY EVENING, FEBRUARY 2, 1799. [VOLUME XV.

☞ The price of this Gazette is Eight dollars per annum to Subscribers residing in the city of Philadelphia. All others pay one dollar additional, for enclosing and directing; and unless some person in this city will become answerable for the subscription, it must be paid Six Months in advance.

FOR SALE,
At 7 o'clock on Tuesday evening the 5th February, at the Merchants' Coffee House

The Foreign Built
SHIP
GEORGE.

Coppered to light water mark, burthen about 378 tons Custom House measurement, now lying at Wilcox's Wharf, is well found, as per inventory to be seen at the Auction Room—Conditions of sale approved endorsed notes at 90 days.
FOOTMAN & Co.
Auctioneers.
jan. 29 dts

For FREIGHT or CHARTER, to any part of EUROPE,

The Swedish SNOW
M A R I A,
HANS OLOF KOCK, commander.

A remarkably good vessel, about 220 tons burthen. A freight to Cadiz, or any part of the Mediterranean would be preferred. Enquire of the Captain on board at Vine-Street Wharf.
dec 17 §

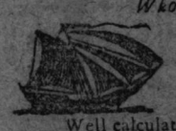
For sale by the subscriber,
AT PORTSMOUTH (N.H.)

THE HULL
OF A
NEW SHIP,

80 feet keel, 27 1-2 beam, 12 feet hold, 5, 10 between decks; about 330 tons; with masts, spars and all the carpenter's and smith's work completed; built of good sound seasoned timber and plank; launched in November, 1796, and has been well taken care of since that time.—Further particulars may be known by applying to Messrs. Wharton & Lewis, Philadelphia, or to
THOMAS THOMPSON.
december 21 3aw.tf

For Sale.

THE SUBSCRIBER, intending to decline the DRUG BUSINESS, offers For Sale, the whole Stock of
Drugs and Medicines, Instruments, &c.
The shop is elegant, commodious and sufficiently known for the extensive business done in the wholesale and retail line; the situation equal to any in the city, being at the corner of Walnut and Second streets. The whole, or any part of the Stock, will be sold, as will best suit the purchaser. The terms may be known, by applying to
JAMES MOORE, JUN.
Who has For Sale,



TWO
Sloops,

Well calculated for the river trade—
The PEGGY, about 30 tons burthen,
Mulberry and Red Cedar frame, and remarkably stout, of an easy draught of water, rigging in good order.
The SALLY, about 30 tons, sails well, and in complete order for the lumber business.
☞ All persons indebted to the late firm of *Goldthwait & Baldwin, W. B Goldthwait, Goldthwait & Moore*, or the subscriber, are earnestly requested to make speedy payment to
JAMES MOORE, JUN.
august 3 §

SHIP BROKER'S OFFICE,
And Commission Store,
No. 119, SOUTH FRONT STREET,
Next door to the Custom House.

THE Subscriber, encouraged by the advice of his friends, offers his service to the public as a Ship and Insurance Broker.——He proposes to buy and sell vessels and every thing relating thereto—assist masters of vessels and others in entering and clearing at the Custom-House, procuring and shipping freight, settling Insurance and all other mercantile accounts, and have on hand the necessary Blanks and Stamps.
Papers in foreign languages translated, and information given in general mercantile matters.—From a knowledge gained by long experience of every branch of business he hopes to be useful to those who please to favor him with their commands. *SAMUEL EMERY.*
november 10 2aw

INSURANCE OFFICE.

THE Subscribers respectfully inform their commercial friends in particular, and the public in general, that an office for the Insurance of shipping will be opened on Monday next, 28th inst. at No. 95 South Front-street—where a share of the public patronage is solicited
N. & J. FRAZIER.
jan. 25 d1w 2aw1m

For Savannah,
To sail the first opening,

The well accommodated and fast sailing SHIP
SWIFT PACKET,
PATRICK GRIBBIN, *Master,*
Now lying at Latimer's wharf.—For Freight or Passage apply to the master on board, or
N. & J. FRAZIER,
No. 95, South Front Street.
January 22. d1w

DANCING.

Mr. & Mrs. BYRNE,
First Dancers of the NEW THEATRE,
INFORM the Ladies and Gentlemen of Philadelphia, that they intend opening an ACADEMY at Four Dollars per Month, or Ten Dollars per Quarter, and mean to teach every fashionable Dance now in use in the politest circles of Europe.—Mr. & Mrs. Byrne having spent their whole lives in the acquirement of their profession, and it being their only employment, encourages them to hope for the generous patronage of a discerning public.
Please to enquire of Mr. & Mrs Byrne, the corner of Dock and Second streets, or during the hours of Tuition, at Oeller's Hotel, on Tuesdays and Saturdays, from ten til twelve in the morning for Young Ladies, and in the evenings of the same days from six till nine for Gentlemen—To commence on Saturday the 26th January.
January 11. dtf

FOR SALE,
AT NO 9, SOUTH WATER-STREET.
Irish Linens, 7-8 and 4-4, well assorted, in whole and half boxes
Checks in ditto
Drogheda's, and Brown 7-8 beetled Linens
Irish Hackled Flax
Scotts Thread
Men and Womens Combs
Russia Duck, of an excellent quality, and
100 hhds. Aux Cayes Molasses.
By ISAAC CHARVEY, junr.
12th. mo 17 d4w

The Subscribers,
Have received by the Clothier from Liverpool
A CONSIGNMENT OF TEN CASES OF
Well Assorted Buttons,
About 501 sterling each Case, which they will dispose of per package, on liberal terms.
Medford & Willis.
No. 78, North Front near Arch-street.

WANTED,
ABOUT fifty Casks of
Flag Annatto or Rocoa,
Apply as above.
dec 22 §

The owners of the ship NEW JERSEY from Canton expect in a few days part of the Cargo of that vessel in town,
—CONSISTING OF—
A general assortment of Silks & Sattins,
Nankeens, White and Yellow,
Cassia
China Ware assorted
Bohea
Souchong
Hyson Skin
Young Hyson
Hyson, and
Imperial
} TEAS,
Of excellent quality, and in Large and Small packages.
For terms of Sale—apply at the Stores of
Nicklin & Griffith,
Archibald M'Call,
Wm. Read & Co.
George Plumsted,
dec 26 §

FOR SALE
By the Subscribers,
ON VERY LOW TERMS
WAX CANDLES,
OF A SUPERIOR QUALITY,
Either by the single box of 24lbs. or by the quantity.
Willings & Francis.
nov. 24

Just Arrived,
In the Brig Eliza, from the Mediterranean, and now landing at Walnut Street wharf,
Fourth proof Brandy in Pipes.
Brimstone.
An assortment of valuable DRUGS,
CONSISTING OF
Opium, Aloes, Cantharides, Camphire, Senna, Cremor Tartar, &c. &c.
Essences of Lemon and Bergamot
Writing paper
Sweet oil in bottles and flasks
Olives, anchovies and capers
Juniper berries
ALSO.—Italian lutestrings
Satins
Crapes
Umbrellas
Remaining on Hand,
St. Croix Sugars,
Claret in cases
Old Madeira Wine of the first quality.
JAMES YARD.
November 3 §

JOHN DOBBIN,
BOOT & SHOEMAKER.
RESPECTFULLY informs his Friends and the Public in general that he carries on his business at No 99 *South Second-street*, nearly opposite the Merchants Coffee house where gentlemen may be supplied in the neatest and best manner—he assures those who may please to favor him with their commands that no attention or exertion on his side shall be wanting to render him worthy of their encouragement.
N. B. Orders received will be punctually attended to.
november 5 §

NOTICE.
THE Public are cautioned not to trust any of the people belonging to the Swedish Snow Maria, on my account.
Hans Olof Kock, master.
dec 29 §

FOR SALE,
To be EXCHANGED for property within thirty miles of the city, or to let on ground-rent forever
Several valuable building Lots,
In Philadelphia,
Enquire of William M. Biddle. no. 147, Chesnut-street.
nov 22 §

TEA.
A Few Chests of
IMPERIAL TEA,
For sale, on reasonable terms, at No. 42, South Second-street.
december 22 2awtf

FOR SALE,
By the Subscribers
200 Bolts Russia Duck,
50 pipes London particular bill Madeira Wine
1 pair nine pound Cannon
A few Bales Madras Handkerchiefs
4000 lbs Fine Flota Indigo
23 Barrels Beef.
Willings & Francis.
Penn-street, November 28 §

Now Landing,
From on board the ship John Bulkeley, and for sale at the stores of Jesse & Robert Waln,
350,000 weight of Java Coffee,
of the first quality in bags.
150,000 weight of Java Sugar,
in cannisters.
nov. 23 dtf

NOTICE.
THE public are desired to take notice, that the partnership of SAMUEL BENNETT and SAMUEL CAREY Jun. trading under the firm of BENNETT & CAREY has dissolved. SAMUEL BENNETT
BIRD WILSON Attorney for
SAMUEL CAREY Jun.
jan. 4. d2w.

NOTICE.
Joseph Thomas's Creditors
are hereby earnestly requested to furnish their Accounts duly attested, as soon as convenient: thereby to enable the Assignees to form an idea of the state of his affairs;—and all those indebted to said THOMAS, are required to make immediate payment to either of the Subscribers.
SAMUEL W. FISHER, } Assignees
WILLIAM BUCKLEY, } of
JOHN HALL. } J. Thomas.
dec. 31. dtf

☞ All persons indebted to the Estate of JOSEPH ANTHONY, sen. deceased, are requested to make immediate payment:—And all those who have any demands against said estate, are desired to produce them legally attested to the subscribers for settlement.
JOSIAH HEWES, } Executors.
JOHN MORTON, } Executors.
JOSEPH ANTHONY, } Executors.
December 26. dtf

Bank of Pennsylvania,
DECEMBER 27th, 1798.
NOTICE is hereby given to the Stockholders of the Bank of Pennsylvania, that an Election of Nineteen DIRECTORS, to serve for one year, will be held at the Bank, on Monday the fourth of February next, at 10 o'clock.
JONATHAN SMITH, Cashier.

Extract from the seventh Section of the Act of Incorporation.
"Article 2d. Not more than fourteen of the Directors elected by the Stockholders, and actually in office, exclusive of the President, shall be eligible for the next succeeding year; but the Director who shall be President at the time of an election, may always be re-elected."
dt 4F

Sales of valuable Property.
AGREEABLE to the last will and testament of JOSEPH ANTHONY, senior, deceased, will be sold at public sale, on Thursday, 14th February, at 7 o'clock in the evening, at the Merchants' Coffee House, in Second street, the following
REAL ESTATES,
An elegant three story brick house, situated at the north-east corner of Ninth and High streets, twenty eight feet front, with three story brick buildings, extending on Ninth street, two hundred feet to a 16 feet wide court, on which is erected a brick stable and coach house, the whole finished in the best manner.
Also three Twenty five feet Lots bounded by Filbert and Ninth Street extending back from Filbert Street seventy-five feet to the 16 feet Court before mentioned with the privilege of the said Court.
Also a Lot with the Buildings thereon erected consisting of a New Four Story Brick Building on the east end and a two Story Brick Building on the west end situated in Water Street between Chesnut and Market contining in breadth Twenty-three feet and extending Eastward into the River Delaware Two hundred and fifty feet bounded eastward by the River Delaware Southward by James Pemberton, Westward by water Street and Northward by Mary Fox's Estate with a reservation of a Cart way across the east end of said lot.
The Conditions will be made known at the time of Sale, and immediate possession of the House and Lots on High and Ninth Streets will be given and of the store and Lots in water Street the first of May next.—
JOSIAH HEWES } Executors.
JOHN MORTON } Executors.
JOSEPH ANTHONY } Executors.
BENSON & YORKE, Auctioneers.
jan. 9 dt4F

TO LET,
THE large House in Southwark, lately occupied by Mr. Henry Mitchell; apply to
Isaac Wharton.
jan. 11 §

Bank of Pennsylvania,
December 31, 1798.
The Stockholders of the Bank of Pennsylvania are hereby notified that their Annual meeting will be held at the Bank on Friday the 1st day of Feburary next at 10 o'clock.
By order of the Board,
JONA. SMITH, *cashier.*
jan 12 dt1stF.

Notice is hereby Given,
THAT application will be made at the Bank of the United States for the renewal of the following certificates of Bank stock, standing in the name of Hodgson Atkinson of London, which were lost from on board the Swallow Packet, capt. Kidd, captured by the French, and all persons concerned are desired to take notice.
No. 2424, issued in lieu of No. 1891, 1892, 5662 and 16640, for 4 shares.
No. 3020, issued in lieu of 11055, and 11057, for 3 shares.—7 shares.
THOMAS M'EUEN & Co.
nov. 28 d3m

Nicklin & Griffith,
HAVE FOR SALE,
Sail Cloth by the bale or piece,
(No. 1 & 8)
One bale of seaming-twine
Copper in sheets, from 24 by 48 to 48 by 60 inches
Two tubs raised copper still bottoms
Queens' ware, assorted in crates
London porter in bottles, contained in cases
Empty port-wine bottles
Yellow ochre in casks
Cochineal in serons
Indigo in do. & casks
35 cases and trunks of muslins, ginghams, dimities, muslinets and pullicat handkerchiefs, in small assorted packages, calculated for the West India market
12 trunks printed callicoes
4 bales cassimeres, assorted
1 do. coarse woolens
Old Madeira wine
Sheathing paper
English nails in casks, assorted,
The Brig
AMAZON,
FOR SALE OR CHARTER.
December 19. m w.&sa.tf

JOHN MILLER, junr.
HAS REMOVED FROM NO. 8, CHESNUT,
To the Five Story Building, in Dock, near Third-street,
WHERE HE HAS FOR SALE,
300 Bales of Bengal Goods;
CONSISTING OF
GOSSAS
Baftas
Mamoodies
Humhums
Taffaties
Striped Doreas
Calicoes
Handkerchiefs, &c. &c.
Also, a large assortment of
Madras Handkerchiefs,
of various descriptions.
January 1 1awtf

An elegant Chariot,
With plated Harness.
For SALE at the Merchant's Coffee House,
On Saturday next,
at 10 o'clock.
FOOTMAN & CO.
jan. 23 d4t

MADEIRA WINE
FOR SALE,
At the late dwelling-house of HENRY HILL, Esq.
On Saturday morning next,
precisely at 11 o'clock.
FOOTMAN & CO.
Approved endorsed notes, at 60 days, will be received in payment.
jan 23 dtTu

Henry Zantzinger,
SURVIVING PARTNER OF THE HOUSE OF
Keppele & Zantzinger,
Will dispose of all their Stock in Trade, upon moderate terms, consisting of the following articles, in packages and open,

Broad and narrow Cloths	Sewing Silks, Twist
Cassimeres, Swansdowns	Ginghams, Bengal Stripes
Plains Beverrets	Beaver Gloves and Bindings
Coatings, Elastic Cloths	Coloured and Scotch Threads
Flannels, Swanskins	Men's and Women's Cot. Hose
Baizes	Do. do. Silk do.
Red Blankets } in Bales	Men's Beaver Hats
Striped do. }	Pocket and Children's Knives
Thicksetts, Velvetts, Corduroys	Barlow and other Penknives
Fancy Cords, Vest Coating	Knives and Forks, Butchers Knives
Jeans, Fustians, Nankeens	Scissors, Shears, Razors
Cott. Bandanoes Romall	Ivory, horn, and other Combs
Linnen and Cotton pocket Handkerchiefs	Needles, Spectacles, and Spoons.
Pulicat and other ditto	Thimbles, Curry Combs &c. &c.
Silk Hdkfs Ferrets	
Olive, purple and chintz Shawls	
Apron Checks	N. B. A large assortment of Pearl, Steel and other Buttons,
Calicoes and Chintzes } in Trunks	
Furnitures	
Cambletts, Calimancoes, Durants	
I. Spinning & other Stuffs	

jan 22 d7t

AUGUSTUS FRICKE,
Woollen Draper & Men's Mercer
No. 7, South Third Street,
HAS RECEIVED,
per the last arrival from Europe, a large assortment of the fashionable Goods in his line,
And has constantly for sale a general assortment of
First rate London superfine Broad Cloths
Cassimeres
Vest Patterns of all kinds
And every other article in the gentleman's line by wholesale and retail.
december 10 dtf

CHINA GOODS,
Just received per the ship New-Jersey from Canton
AND FOR SALE
BY ARCHIBALD M'CALL,
At his Store No. 187, south Second street,
—VIZ.—
assortment of Teas of the first quality,
White and yellow nankeens
Cassia, silk umbrellas
an assortment of china ware,
and a variety of SILKS, consisting of
Black and colored Lutestring
do. do. Sattins
do. do. Senshaws
do. do. silk handkerchiefs
do do. Sewing silks
Black Taffeties
ALSO,
12 pipes of excellent Madeira Wine,
fit for immediate use,
jan 24 §

AT PRIVATE SALE,
Several very elegant Situations for
SUMMER RETREATS,
Three and an half miles from the court-house near Frankfort road.
THESE situations are considered in point of health, beauty and elegance, equal to any near the city; commanding a very extensive view of the Delaware, the shipping in the harbor, the city, Harrogate, Frankford, and several elegant country seats.
Any person desirous of viewing the grounds will please apply to HENRY HAINES, on the premises, and for terms, which will be made easy, to ABRAHAM SHOEMAKER, no. 124, south Fourth street, and for title to
BENJAMIN R. MORGAN, Esq.
Arch, between Second and Front streets.
jrn. 8 d2w

REAL ESTATES.

THE SUBSCRIBER,
Offers for sale the following described property,
—viz.—
ON HIGH-STREET,
A LOT of ground on the south side thereof, between 7th and 8th streets, containing in front 23 feet 8 inches and extending in depth southward 306 feet.
The improvements on this lot are a substantial Brick Dwelling House, three stories high, with garrets and an extensive range of back buildings also of three stories—the whole comprising two genteel parlours—a spacious drawing room—back parlour—kitchen—wash house, &c. and a great number of bed-chambers. It has the privilege of passage into Market-street, through a 3 feet wide alley communicating with the yard.
Another lot on the same situation and next adjoining, westward to the one above described, containing in front, on Market street, 20 feet 8 inches by 306 feet in depth, on which are erected a two story frame dwelling house and kitchen well calculated to accommodate a small family.
The back ground of both these lots is rendered healthy and pleasant by gravel walks and grass plats and a number of fruit and forest trees growing thereon. Each lot hath the privilege of a passage into Eighth Street through a 15 feet wide alley extending to the same from the back ends.
One other Lot of ground adjoining to and eastward of the subscriber's Dwelling House, containing in front 33 feet and extending southward to the depth of 306 feet—on which are erected a substantia Brick Dwelling House, 18 feet front, with garrets and very convenient back buildings of the same height and materials. Also a Carriage House and Stables built of wood.
ON CHESNUT STREET.
A Lot of Ground on the north side, and between Seventh and Eighth Streets, containing in front 102 feet, and extending in depth northward 178 feet. This Lot is also accommodated with a passage into Eighth Street, through the above described alley.
In the town of Dover,
KENT COUNTY, DELAWARE STATE.
Eight Lots of Ground adjoining each other, on the west side of King street, containing in front on the same 505 feet, and extending in depth westward about 402 feet, on which are erected a two story Brick Dwelling House, and another Brick Building adjoining, suitable for a Store or Office together with several frame tenements—a stream of water runs through the south part of the lot, where a tan-yard might be improved to advantage.
Payment of a part of the purchase money will be required—the remainder may be at interest for a number of years by giving the premises in security, &c.
RICHARD RUNDLE.
jan 11 d1w 2awtf

No. 128,
The south-east corner of Market and Fouth streets,
JACOB COX,
HAS just received by the late arrivals from Europe, a large, general and elegant assortment of the most
Fashionable Merchandize,
(in the gentlemen's line)—The whole of which will be disposed of, wholesale and retail, at reduced prices for cash.
dec. 19 2awtf

FOR SALE,
BY THE SUBSCRIBERS,
14 four pound Cannon, different lengths,
5 Carronades.
JOHN NIXON & CO.
December 1. §

NOTICE.
THE Creditors of Ponteus Delere Stelle, of Trenton, who have, or shall, by the first of March next, sign the discharge of the said Stelle, will please to present their accounts to either of the subscribers, made up to the first of August 1797, as there will be a dividend made on the first of April next. The discharge will be in the possession of W. Mott, No. 62 Dock-street, until the first of March next.
JAMES W. CLEMENT, } Acting
WILLIAM MOTT, } assignees.
jan. 10. 3awim

Just Imported,
Iron cannon, double fortified, Woolwich proof, with their carriages complete—3, 4, 6 and 9 pounders.
Carronades, Woolwich proof, with carriages, &c. complete—12, 18 and 24 pounders.
Cannon powder in kegs of 25lbs. each
Round, double headed, and canister shot
Patent sheathing copper, bright, assorted 18, 20, 22, 24, 26 and 28 or per square foot, sheets 48 by 14 inches, suitable for vessels from 100 to 1000 tons
Copper nails, bolts and spikes
Boarding Pikes,
Common cutlasses
Gunners stores of all kinds
Tin-plates No 1—1-3 cross boxes
Patent shot in casks of 5cwt. each
London porter and brown stout, in casks of 7 doz. bottled.
Earthen ware in crates, assorted
For Sale by
SIMON WALKER,
Pine near 5th street.
October 29. co tf.

For Sale,
TEN or twelve Tons, Clover & Timothy
H A Y,
Of the first quality.—Apply at No. 43, Almond-street.
jan. 8. 1awtf

Macpherson's Blues.

Friday February 1, 1799.

THE Horse, Artillery and infantry of the BLUES will parade, in front of the Commanding officer's quarters, No. 9, North Eighth-street *to-morrow* at 3 o'clock P. M. in uniform with side arms—in order to join in the procession at the funeral of GEORGE HUGHES, Esq. deceased—late a member of the First City Troop of Light Dragoons, and an officer in the Navy of the United States.

ROBERT HEYSHAM, Adjt. p. t.

☞ The Members of the First City Troop are requested to attend the Funeral of GEORGE HUGHES, Esq. late of that Corps, to-morrow afternoon. at three o'clock, from the house of Mrs. White, No. 9, North Eighth street, in uniform and with side arms.

February 1.

Second City Troop of Cavalry.

THE Members of the Troop are requested to attend the Funeral of Geo. Hughes, esq. late a member of the First Troop—in uniform, from the house of Mrs. White, No. 9, North Eighth-street, to-morrow afternoon at three o'clock.

feb 1

Volunteer Greens.

THE Gentlemen composing the Troop of Volunteer Greens, are requested to attend the funeral of Geo. Hughes, esq. late a member of the First Troop from the house of Mrs. White No. 9, North Eighth street at 3 o'clock to-morrow afternoon, in uniform with side arms.

JOHN MORRELL, captain,

feb 1

Alexander J. Miller,

No. 64, SOUTH FRONT-STREET.

HAS JUST RECEIVED,

By the ATLANTIC, capt READ, arrived at NEW-YORK, from MADRAS,

THE FOLLOWING

WHITE GOODS,

Which will be ready for Sale on Monday next,

—*viz.*—

Gaunjees
Alliabald Baftas
Tandah Coffaes
Fine Long Cloths
Moories and Short Cloths.

feb 1 §

Insurance Company of the State of Pennsylvania.

February 1, 1799.

THE Directors have this day declared a dividend of seventy-four dollars on each share of the Stock of this company for the last six months which will be paid to the Stockholders or their legal representatives after the 10th instant.

JAMES S. COX, President.

feb 1 dtot

NOTICE.

ALL persons are hereby requested not to trust my way Sarah Fiss, from this date, as I am determined not to pay any debts of her contracting.

WILLIAM FISS.

jan 31. 3t

Lots on Ground Rent.

SEVERAL advantageous Lots for Building, on Germantown street, between the 5 and 6 mile stone, to let on ground rent—Enquire at No. 120 North Second-street.

jan. 30. tuw&f

POST-OFFICE,

Philadelphia, Jan. 28, 1799.

LETTERS for the British Packet, for Falmouth, (England) will be received at this office, until Tuesday the 5th February, at 12 o'clock, noon.

N. B. The inland postage to New-York, must be paid at this office.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY,

Two unfurnished rooms, and the use of a kitchen for a small family; a front parlour on the first floor will be preferred. Apply to No. 18, Branch Street.

jan. 29. ¶ 3t

☞ ANY Persons wanting passage to France, can obtain it in the Swedish Barque Neptune, Daniel Jaderbom, master, lying at New-York, by applying to Mr. Letombe, or to Richard Soderstrom, Consul General of Sweden, in this city.

jan. 24 §

50 Hhds. Santa Cruz Sugar,

IN Stores of John Nixon, esq. & Co. a quantity of Irish Sail Canvas and a Box of Mace,

For sale by

STEPHEN KINGSTON;

46 Walnut street.

jan. 29. ¶ eod3t

All Persons

Indebted to the Estate of HENRY HILL, deceased are requested to make payment to the subscriber; and those having any demands on the same to produce their accounts for settlement.

GIDEON H. WELLS,

no. 139, Market street

Philadelphia, dec. 4, 1798 cotf

TO BE LET,

A COMMODIOUS THREE STORY BRICK DWELLING HOUSE,

in Walnut near Fifth Street, and adjoining the subscriber BENJAMIN W. MORRIS.

January 26. eod3t

To be Sold, or Let

ON GROUND RENT, FOREVER,

A NUMBER of very handsome Building Lots, on the South side of Arch-street, near Ninth street, and on Ninth-street, between Arch and Race-streets.

ALSO,

A few Lots of four acres each; on a high, dry, and elegant situation, within three miles from the city—Enquire at No. 218 Arch-street.

jan. 30. 2aw3w

THE PARTNERSHIP OF

John & James Poultney,

BEING dissolved by mutual consent, all persons indebted to them are requested to make immediate payment to either of the subscribers; and those having demands to present their accounts for settlement.

JOHN POULTNEY,
JAMES POULTNEY.

1st mo 30 w&stf

THE Book for Subscriptions to the Company for erecting a permanent Bridge over the river Schuilkil, at, or near the City of Philadelphia, continues open at the house of the Treasurer of said Company, No. 13, Church Alley.

January 8, 1799. eod6w

Two Dollars Reward.

ELOPED on the 12th instant, an indented Black Lad, named James Matthews, between 16 and 17 years old, and has 4½ years to serve, his time was lately purchased of Micajah Churchman, of Cœcil County, Maryland:—He is about 5 feet 3 inches high, of grum countenance, has a remarkably flat large nose, wide mouth and thick lips; had on a blue coating jacket with a scarlet collar, a drab color waistcoat blue coating trowsers, yarn stockings, a good pair of shoes tied with leather strings, and a round black hat.

It is suspected that he is either harbored by his mother Katharine Sands, a black woman who lives in an alley between 6th and 7th, Cherry and Race-streets, or is loitering about WILMINGTON, DELAWARE.

The above reward will be given for bringing him before the Mayor of this City, or for securing him in any jail.

Housekeepers, Masters of Vessels and others are forbid harbouring or employing him.

EDWARD DUNANT.

No. 35, Union-street.

jan 31 ¶d3t

New-York, January 1, 1799.

PROPOSALS

FOR PRINTING BY SUBSCRIPTION,

MEMOIRS,

ILLUSTRATING THE

History of Jacobinism.

In three Parts.

Part I. The Antichristian Conspiracy.
II. The Antimonarchial Conspiracy,
III. The Antisocial Conspiracy.

A translation from the French of the Abbe BARRUEL.

CONDITIONS.

I. This work to be printed on a good type and fine paper—in 3 volumes, 8vo. 400 pages each.

II. The price to subscribers, bound and lettered, will be 4 dollars 50 cents; in boards 3 dollars 75 cents,

Subscriptions will be received by Cornelius Davis, No. 94, Water street; and by others who hold subscription papers.—Bookfellers the usual allowance.

jan. 28 1aw3w

City Commissioners Office.

January 8th, 1799.

THE following arrangement was made by the Board, for the more effectual cleansing of the City; each Commissioner to superintend a district,—*viz.*

No. 1. Nicholas Hicks, from the North side of Vine street, to the South side of Mulberry-street.

2. Hugh Roberts, from the South side of Mulberry-street to the South side of Chesnut-street.

3. Joseph Claypoole, from the South side of Chesnut-street to the North side of Spruce street.

4. Isaac Jones, from the North side of Spruce street to the South side of Cedar-street.

Note.—When any of the public Pumps are out of order to the Southward of High-street—application may be made to Thomas Dixey in 5th near Cedar-street, or Godfrey Gebler in 4th between Walnut and Chesnut streets. And for the Northern part of the city to Dixey and Dehaven, in 8th street, between Saffafras and Vine-streets.

☞ Meetings of the Commissioners are as usual, every Tuesday evening, at 5 o'clock, a the Old Court-House.

jan. 19.

City Commissioner's Office,

January 15, 1799.

For the information of the Citizens, the following extract of an act of Assembly, passed the 18th day of February, 1769, *is now republished.*

Sect. 43. AND be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That if any person or persons, shall, after the publication hereof, presume to cast, carry, draw out, or lay any dead horse, or other dead carcase of cattle, sheep, hog or dog, or any excrement or filth from vaults, privies or necessary houses, and shall leave such carcase, carrion or filth, without burying the same, a sufficidepth in the ground, on any part of the commons of the said city, or on or near any streets, lanes, alleys or highways, within the said city, district or township adjoining the same, every person or persons so offending and being convicted thereof, before any justice of the peace of the city or county of Philadelphia, respectively, shall forfeit and pay for every such offence, the sum of thirty shillings.

Agreeably to a resolution of the Select and Common Councils, dated the 10th of January 1799,

Notice is hereby given,

That a PIT or HOLE, is now prepared on the west side of Fifth street, from Schuylkill, between Vine and Sassafras streets.

And one other PIT or HOLE, is opened on the west side of Fifth street, from Schuylkill, between Walnut and Spruce streets, where all filth or excrement from vaults or privies, of the city of Philadelphia, shall be deposited. Wherefore, if any person or persons shall be found transgressing, they must expect to be punished as the law directs, and that the same will be strictly enforced.

jan. 19 12w2w

TREASURY DEPARTMENT.

JUNE 27, 1798.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, That by virtue of an act, passed during the present session of Congress, so much of the act entituled "An Act making further provision for the support of public credit, and for the redemption "of the public debt"—passed the third day of March, one thousand seven hundred and ninety-five, as bars from settlement or allowance, Certificates, commonly called Loan Office and final settlement Certificates, and Indents of Interests, is suspended until the twelfth day of June, which will be in the year one thousand seven hundred and ninety nine.

That on the liquidation and settlement of the said Certificates, and Indents of Interest, at the Treasury, the Creditors will be entitled to receive Certificates of funded Three Per Cent. Stock equal to the amount of the said Indents, and the arrearages of interest due on their said Certificates, prior to the first day of January one thousand seven hundred and ninety one.

That the principal sums of the said Loan Office and final settlement Certificates, with the interest thereon, since the first day of January, one thousand seven hundred and ninety one, will be discharged after liquidation at the Treasury, by the payment of interest and reimbursement of principal, equal to the sums which would have been payable thereon, if the said Certificates had been subscribed, pursuant to the Acts making provision for the debts of the United States, contracted during the late war, and by the payment of other sums, equal to the market value of the remaining Stock, which would have been created by such subscriptions as aforesaid, which market value will be determined by the Comptroller of the Treasury.

OLIVER WOLCOTT,

Secretary of the Treasury.

june 28 1awtf

PROPOSALS

BY BENJAMIN DAVIES,

AFTER the many fruitless attempts, which have been made to establish a publication of this kind in Philadelphia, the proposals now submitted, will, perhaps, at first sight, appear to be nothing more than soliciting disappointment. When, however, we observe an eager search after knowledge spreading through all parts in our country, and when we consider, that, in these pursuits, *Magazines* and *Reviews* are of universally-admitted utility, we are led to believe, that former undertakings in this way have failed from some other cause than the want of discernment or liberality in those, to whom the Editors looked up for support.

From causes, which are too evident to need enumerating here, America is, and long must be beholden in a very considerable degree, to the presses of Great Britain. The literature of the two countries is, indeed, a sort of common stock; but, for one publication of ours, we receive, at least five hundred in return. While this is the case, it is extreme folly in the publisher of a periodical work, to reject, from a sort of spurious patriotism, all information, however useful, and all amusement, however delightsome, merely because it is not of native production. Obvious, however, as the justice of these remarks must appear we have very little doubt in our minds, that an obstinate adherence to a contrary notion has been the principal cause of the want of success, experienced by those who have gone before us.

Reason and interest unite in dictating to us a different plan. The Miscellaneous part, and principal part, therefore, of the *Philadelphia Magazine*, will consist of choice selections from the newest publications of merit, that shall appear in Europe; but, particularly from the various periodical works published in Great-Britain, of which we have taken care to insure the very earliest supply. At the same time, we trust it is unnecessary to say, that we shall always receive with pleasure any original productions of genius, in verse or prose, of our own country; and we flatter ourselves with the hope of being often favoured with the agreeable task of giving to such productions merited praises and extensive publicity.

In selecting and arranging these materials, to suit the various tastes of our readers, we are sensible how difficult a task we have undertaken. To please all, we do not expect: it would be a vain presumption. But we are resolved to give offence to none, so far as consists with the superior respect we owe to the sacred cause of religion, morality, and social order. In these are involved the glory and welfare of our country, and they will always be the Polar-star, that shall guide our labors.

The Miscellany will be followed by *a monthly Summary of News and politics*, foreign as well as domestic; under which head will be comprised a succinct account of the *Proceedings of the General and State Legislatures*, and the titles, at least, of all the laws they shall enact.

The next part of our undertaking, is a *Review*, of the principal works of note published in Great-Britain. For this we must necessarily have recourse to the Reviews of that country. Though it will be impossible for us to furnish as complete an analysis as that from which we shall take our materials, we shall not fail to give such an account of *every* publication reviewed in that country, as will convey to our readers information sufficient to enable them to avail themselves at a very early stage, of every valuable performance that shall appear. The advantages arising from such information are evident. For want of it our professional men and men of taste are always kept a year or two in the rear of those of Great-Britain. We do not hear of a work till a long time after it is published, and many very valuable ones we never hear of at all. All the various injuries and privations we suffer from this source will, we flatter ourselves, be entirely done away by a steady adherence to our plan.

To that of *foreign*, will be added *a Review of Domestic Publications*; and *here*, we must confess, that we feel some diffidence, because the execution of the task must depend, in a great measure, upon the abilities of ourselves. However, with a firm resolution to be guided by decency, candour and truth, and to take genius and virtue by the hand, whenever, and in whatever garb, we may find them; with no wish to wound the feelings of any but the wicked, and with the most sincere desire of seeing our countrymen shine in every department of literature, we doubt not, that we shall be able to acquit ourselves to the satisfaction of all those who have the good-nature fairly to appreciate our motives, and the justice to make allowance for human imperfections,

The work will close with a monthly record of *Marriages, Births, Deaths, Promotions*, and other casual incidents.

As to what concerns the politics of this country or of Europe, at this momentous period, we shall always view with jealousy every measure of the French Government, and it's ever active emissaries; and if in this respect some men consider us as partial or prejudiced, we shall submit to their censure. For so full is our conviction that the war, which now desolates Europe, and menaces this country, is a war of ambition and plunder, on the part of France, that nothing can induce us to conceal our sentiments, or to withhold the small assistance that we can contribute to oppose them. For this reason we intend to devote a page or two of every number to historical facts, anecdotes, and remarks on the Politics of France, from the age of Louis the Fourteenth to the present more alarming epoch. For more than a century past has that restless and ambitious people been like a volcano in the centre of Europe, disturbing the surrounding States by its intrigues, and once in every eight or ten years overwhelming its most fertile countries with devastation and carnage.

Indeed it is more than eighteen hundred years since the great Roman Orator* thought it his duty to warn his countrymen against that conduct and those principles, for which the present race of Gauls are as justly to be dreaded as their savage ancestors; "*Gallis fidem non habendam, hominibus levibus, perfidis, et in ipsos Deos immortales impiis.*"

By the proper management of this topic our countrymen will be able to see the real character of the nation, which they formerly confidered as their friends, but now more justly execrate as their most dangerous enemies; and they will be better prepared to appreciate any overtures, that may be made hereafter, for the restoration of peace and amity

In the execution of this part of our design, particularly "we look with confidence for the support and assistance of all persons who shall consider our motives as laudable, and therefore wish to contribute to the success of our design;—of all who think, with us, that the press has been too long an engine of destruction, and that it ought, at length to be rendered a mean of preservation, and an instrument of protection."

* CICERO.

"Literature, well or ill conducted, is the great "engine by which, I am fully persuaded, all civilised States must ultimately be supported or "overthrown." *Pursuits of Literature.*

The CONDITIONS.

This work will be published in Monthly Numbers; and if a moderate encouragement is given, the first number will appear on the first day of February next,

Each number will contain at least Fifty pages of letter press, in octavo, under a blue cover. It will be printed on a fair and good paper; and, as soon as our list of Subscribers will warrant the expence, every number will be embellished with an elegant engraving.

The price to the Subscribers will be twenty-five cents for each number, to be paid on delivery at some one of the places specified below, where the subscription has been received; and as soon as there are sufficient to make a handsome volume, they will be bound together, for such subscribers as choose it, they paying the additional expence.

Subscriptions will be received by Benjamin Davies at No. 68, High street, where the favours of all Correspondents of which the postage has been paid, will be received, and duly attended to, as well as by all the principal Book-sellers in the city; by George Hill, Book seller in Baltimore; and by Archibald Drummond, Book seller in New-York.

dec. 14. 1aw3w

TO THE

Promoters of Literature.

THE managers of the Beula Seminary, impelled by motives of pure morality, having resolved to dispose of the following property by way of LOTTERY, in order to assist them in erecting a convenient building for the accommodation of one hundred students, and the necessary professors in the different departments of science—do offer for sale three hundred and fifty lots in BEULA, each fifty-eight feet by one hundred and twenty-five, at twenty dollars per ticket, each ticket entitled to a lot to be determined by ballot; ten dollars to be paid on receipt of the ticket, and the remaining ten on the delivery of the deed. The ballot to take place before impartial men, as soon as the whole number of tickets are sold.

The managers, anticipating the difficulty of obtaining cash for the whole, have resolved to receive an equivalent, for some of the lots, in select books; philosophical apparatus, or in produce and materials for building, delivered on the spot.

It may be observed, that the value of prizes in this lottery will be more than double the amount of all the tickets; for 350 lots, would at their average estimation, produce at least 15,750 dollars; whilst, according to the present proposals, the sum obtained for them will be only 7,000 dollars.

Tickets may be had during this winter, of *Morgan J. Rhees*, president of the board of managers, no. 177, south Second-street, Philadelphia; who will receive proposals and plans for the erection of the building. It is intended to be of brick or stone; its situation on the summit of a gradual rising eminence, commanding an extensive prospect of the surrounding country; an observatory to be on its top.

Land and out lots in the vicinity of the Town may be had on moderate terms by applying as above. Mechanics and laborers, of good morals will meet with encouragement.

jan. 19. 3awzm

Is there an American, *young or old, not interested in the History of the first Rise and Progress of his native Country, and from so celebrated a pen as that of Doctor* Robertson?

Just Published,

AND TO BE SOLD BY

JAMES HUMPHREYS,

No. 59, south Third street, opposite the Bank of the United States,

(Price one dollar neatly bound and lettered, in boards, six shillings)

Dr. Robertson's History of

(BRITISH)

AMERICA,

Containing

The history of Virginia to the year 1685, and the history of New-England to the year 1652, being what the Doctor had completed previous to his death. It has lately been given to the public with a preface by his son at Edinburgh, has already passed through three or four editions, and has been translated and published in *French at Paris.*

Mr. Robertson in his preface observes,

"During the course of tedious illness, which he early foresaw would have a fatal termination, Dr. Robertson at different times destroyed many of his papers: But after his death, I found that part of the History of (British) America which he had wrote many years before, and which is now offered to the public. It is written with his own hand as all his works were; it is as carefully corrected as any part of his manuscripts which I have ever seen; and he had thought it worthy of being preserved, as it escaped the flames to which so many other papers had been committed. I read it with the utmost attention; but, before I came to any resolution about the publication, I put the MSS. into the hands of some of those friends whom my father used to consult on such occasions, as it would have been rashness and presumption in me, to have trusted to my own partial decision. It was perused by some other persons also, in whose taste and judgment I have the greatest confidence: by all of them I was encouraged to offer it to the public, as curious and interesting in itself, and not inferior to any of my father's other works."

The Editor of the Paris Edition apostrophizes the above work in the following manner.

"Every thing ensures success to this volume the talents and reputation of the author, and the impression still recent in the minds of all who have read the excellent work of which this is the completion—all conspire to give it an extensive spread. The history of America was the master-piece of one of the two ablest, or rather one of the two only modern historians. He has created this part of history, distinguished this chaos of the New World, distinguished with the hand of a master the part of genius, fortune, courage and crime, and conquered as it were, America, for literary, commercial, and political Europe.

"To ensure this last volume circulation, it is necessary only to name its author, and to remark, it possesses all that acuteness of observation, that perspicuity of exposition, the art of referring effects to causes, and of mingling with the account of events, the wholesomest and most approved priciples of morals and politics, for which this writer was so eminently conspicuous—In short, that it exhibits the talents of ROBERTSON."

jan. 19. 3t

MAYOR'S OFFICE

REMOVED to 157 South Second street.

§2w

CONTINUATION OF

Late Foreign Articles

Received by His Britannic Majesty's Packet, which arrived at New-York on Monday afternoon.

PARIS, November 21.

Letter of General Kosciusko to the Emperor Paul of Russia.

SIRE, I profit of the first moment of the liberty I enjoy, under the protecting laws of the greatest and most generous nation, to return you the presents that your apparent bounty and the atrocity of your ministers forced me to accept. If I do wrong, sire, attribute it only to the irresistible force of the attachment which I bear for my compatriots (companions in misfortunes) and the hope of yet serving my country. Yes, I repeat it, sire, and I am desirous of making to you the declaration; your heart appeared to me to be touched at my disastrous situation; but your ministers and their satellites have not conducted themselves to me according to your wishes. Should they attempt to impute to my free will a measure they compelled me to taste, I develope to you, and to all men who know the value of honor, their violence and perfidy; and that it will be to them only you owe the publication of their crimes. Receive, Sire, the testimonies of my respect. (Signed)

Paris, 17 Thermidor. KOSCIUSKO.

Five ambassadors from Morocco have lately arrived at Paris.

It is reported that the Porte, by virtue of the treaty of Seirtoro, had demanded from the king of Prussia an army of 30,000 men, to act against France on the banks of the Rhine; but this strange demand will probably be rejected by the cabinet of Berlin.

The following important communication was received in a letter by the last Hamburg mail:

Extract of a letter from the frontiers of Switzerland and Milan.

"Lugano, Sept. 2, 1798.

"We live here in a state of great uneasiness, but have every reason to hope that it will be soon at an end. To all appearance, hostilities will be recommenced ere long—The Austrians, in conjunction with the Grisons, have entered Valteline country, which was immediately by the small number of French and Cisalpine troops, who had taken post there. Several gentlemen have been commissioned by his imperial majesty to collect provisions in the neighborhood."

The Valteline country is subject to the confederacy of the Grisons. About 18 months since General Buonaparte took possession of it, by the most scandalous abuse of the right of an umpire which had been conferred upon him to accommodate some matters in dispute between that country and the Grisons; and it was afterwards incorporated with the Cisalpine Republic. It borders upon the territory of this new Republic throughout its whole nothern extent, from Tyrol to the Lake of Como, and is of the utmost importance in the present war, as it takes in flank all the French troops, from Mantua to Milan.

The French, invited by some malcontent took possession of it without any sort of ceremony; and the Grisons, it would seem, have re-occupied it in the same manner. It will be easy for them to keep possession of it with the aid of the inhabitants of the country, who from the excesses committed by their new associates, rose upon them in the course of the last summer.

This bold stroke may be considered as a formal declaration of war on the part of the Grisons against the Cisalpine Republic. These two states can only be considered in this quarrel as the heralds who carry and receive the challenge of two great powers who direct their movements.

From the Propagateur, dated 3 Frimaire, November 23.

The following details are taken from an authentic source: Buonaparte did not make himself master of Egypt before the end of the summer. He found at Suez but a few vessels, and those in bad condition. The monsoon being against him at the autumnal equinox; he found that he had no time to caulk those vessels, or to put to sea. He immediately abandoned his plan of going to India, and his army began to consider itself as fixed in Egypt. The loss of our fleet ensued, and this was followed by a declaration of war on the part of Turkey, their threats of invasion, &c. The French finding themselves thus shut up immediately turned their thoughts to defending themselves and their conquests. The month of Fructidor was rather severe, on account of the extreme heat, the calms, and the exhaltations which followed the retreat of the Nile; but in the month of Vendemaire, the land was covered with trefoil. Milk, beer, flesh, fish, and vegetables were all abundant. The army recovered from its fatigues. It is about to pass the winter, and inure itself to the climate. In the mean time Buonaparte is ever vigilant. Devoting himself to the administration of this important conquest, he descends to Damietta and Rosetta, and puts the coast in a state of defence at every point. He orders the necessary forts on the confines of the desart near Suez, and in the Higher Egypt. He keeps his troops in exercise, raises recruits in the country, and makes use rather of art than force to form a party amongst the natives. He avails himself of the distinctions, civil and religious, to attach to him the Cophtis, the Bedouins, and the peasantry. He flatters their self love by adopting several of their customs, in order that they may more easily accommodate themselves to ours. He found them melancholy, choleric, and fretful, through the influence of tyranny. He has rendered them gay, good, and amiable, by

the means of games, feasts, and music He turns the most useful labours into amusement, and repairs the highways, the bridges and the canals. He found the peasants slaves, and has endowed them with property.

The Grand Seignior inherited every succession. Buonaparte has consecrated the right of inheritance in every family; he bestows on every child an equal share, and suddenly, but without a shock, he has ameliorated the condition of the women, by giving them an equal portion of the descending property, with a right to dispose of it at will. He marries his soldiers to the women of the country, prohibites all premature marriages, lays restraints on polygamy, and, in a word is founding in Africa a new civil code.—By his œconomy and foresight, he is reviving the manufactures of the country He has prohibited the ruinous and absurd luxury of the Russian troops, and of Cachemenian shawls. He has called upon the neutral provinces, and procured from them by way of exchange, the iron, the copper, and the wood of which he had occasion. He is not likely to be in any want of powder. He has appointed schools of instruction for the people and military colleges where the young French the Cophtis, and the Arabs instruct each other in the Arabic. the French, in Geometry, the Mathematics, and other sciences. He has in one word, created a Nation, and by managing the powerful resources of enthusiasm he has recalled to the Arabs the glory of their ancestors. He has shewn them, in the French army, the miraculous instrument of the decrees of Providence, as wished to revive the empire of the ancient Arabs; to deliver them from a barbarous yoke; to purify the laws of their Prophet, which had been altered by ignorant or impious men; and to open in Africa a new age of grandeur, of science, and of glory.

HAGUE, November 6.

Within these few days past the guards have been every where doubled, and similar precautions have been taken in the other cities, in consequence of intelligence that the insurrection in Flanders threatened to spread still further, the Directory issued an order for the rigid execution of the laws against Emigrants and French banished criminals, and for arresting all the Brabanters who shall have taken part in the insurrection, and that they shall be immediately given up to the French Government.

BRUSSELS, Nov. 17.

The General Beguinot has just published the following official report:—

"The columns which were charged with the blockade of Diest, collected themselves on the night between the 15th and 16th, in order to attack that place; but the Brigands, though considerable in number, did not dare to make any resistance. They fled across the marches, in which more than 500 of them perished. They abandoned all their arms and ammunition, with a great number of horses. We took from them, and killed during the blockade. and in the different researches which were made in the town and its environs, more than 250 men. The remainder are now wandering in the woods. The troops are now in pursuit of them. Our enemies are now stationed at all points, to discover and preserve the scattered remains. Unhappy are those who shall give them shelter or succour.'

(Signed) "BEGUINOT."

NEW-YORK, January 31.

A BELL of immense size, together with a large CLOCK of a superior structure, has come out per the Cheeseman, from London, for St. Paul's Church. The weight of the Bell we understand to be 33 C. The Church steeple is in readiness to receive them, and the citizens may shortly expect to be gratified with a display of their elegance and usefulness.

Richard Bayley & Co.

RESPECTFULLY inform the public that the Retail Business carried on by them at their Store No. 136, Market-street, will in future be carried on by Mr. WM. BONNAR, whom they beg leave to recommend to the favor of their friends and the public.

ALL PERSONS indebted to the above firm and those to whom they are indebted, will please to apply to JOHN WHITESIDES & Co. for the settlement of their respective accounts, who are duly empowered for that purpose.

Richard Bayley & Co.

WILLIAM BONNAR,

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public, that the above Store will be opened by him on Monday the 4th of February next, with an assortment of

DRY GOODS,

Suitable to the season, which he flatters himself will meet the approbation of those who honor him with their favor.

jen 29. §

ALL PERSONS,

INDEBTED to the Estate of ABRAHAM DICKS, Esq late Sheriff of the County of Delaware, are requested to make immediate payment, and all those who have demands against said Estate to authenticate and present them for settlement. Also, all those who have deposited writings with said deceased to apply for them to

WILLIAM PENNOCK. Adm'r.

Springfield, Delaware county, 1st mo. 8th, 1799.

jan. 8 1awtf,

ABNER BRIGGS,

Of the City of Philadelphia,

STOREKEEPER,

HAVING assigned over all his effects, real, personal and mixed, to the subscribers, for the benefit of all his creditors—

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

TO all persons who are indebted to the said Estate, that they are requested to make immediate payment of their respective accounts, to either of the assignees; in failure whereof, legal measures will be taken for the recovery of such debts, as are not discharged without further delay.

GEORGE PENNOCK,
WILLIAM FRENCH.

January 2 wed.&sr.6w

The Gazette.

PHILADELPHIA,

SATURDAY EVENING, *FEBRUARY 2.*

PRICES OF STOCKS.

PHILADELPHIA, JANUARY 21.

Six Per Cent.	15/6 to 8
Three Per Cent.	9/9
Deferred 6 Per Cent.	14/
BANK United States,	23 per cent.
—— Pennsylvania,	24 to 21
—— North America,	46 ditto
Insurance comp. N. A. shares	13 to 13 1-8 dolls.
—— Pennsylvania, shares,	50 ditto, Divid. on

COURSE OF EXCHANGE

On Hamburgh	33 1-3 cents per Mark Banco.
— London, at 30 days	56 1-2
—— at 60 days	54
—— at 90 days	52 1-2
Amsterdam, 60 days, pr. guild.	36 to 37 1-2 cents

COMMUNICATIONS.

When the monster faction has risen its snake-clad head so high as even to threaten the vital principle of the Union, when wretches wholly devoted to the enemies of our country, have so far deluded the ignorant in two of our states as to hurry through their legislatures, resolutions fraught with every evil the most malignant hatred could suggest; is it not time for every friend to his country to rouse himself, and contribute as much as in his power to the support of the government of his choice;—too long has it been the custom with many honest and well meaning men, to content themselves with wishing well to the federal cause; in other times this was not of so much consequence,—the designs of its enemies were not so well known, and though we lamented their folly we pitied their ignorance;—but now the scene is changed: their motives are completely developed, but if there exists a doubt in the mind of any one, that their intentions are not most thoroughly wicked, let him read the address to the people of Virginia, lately brought forward in that legislature, by a noted demagogue (a fellow notorious while in the army for his cowardice, and since for his turbulent and seditious efforts "to stop the wheels of Government.") This complication of villainy though couched in terms the most artful that jacobin caution could invent is easily seen through; in spite of their "diplomatic skill" their real wishes are plain. The reader must shudder at the thought, but it is a fact, that John Taylor really tells the people to prepare to rise at once and resist—what, think you? THE GOVERNMENT OF THE UNITED STATES! He has indeed clothed this infernal exhortation in the artful garb of resisting usurpation; but his meaning is so obvious that it would be insulting the reader to suppose him capable of doubting it for a moment.

After this I need say no more. If half the world were to combine in writing against this John Taylor, they could not so effectually blast him in the opinion of every good man, as by reading this address:—but I must once more entreat each friend to his country to strain every nerve for its salvation, to strangle the viper of sedition in its infancy, for if it is allowed time to ripen into maturity, our religion, our government, and our lives, must fall a crifice to it.

PUBLIUS.

Philadelphia, January 31, 1799.

To Mr. TAYLOR, of Caroline, Virginia.

SIR,

I HAVE read your motion in the assembly on the Sedition and Alien bills, your appeal to the people, and your two other favorite schemes of arming the militia of the commonwealth, and arraying the state judges against the federal courts in the case of imprisonment under the above mentioned bills.

The only effects which the reading of these resolutions have on the mind of an honest American, are, detestation for such unprovoked and unprincipled attempts, and contempt for the presumption of an insignificant individual even to dream of erecting the standard of rebellion against a powerful and virtuous government. The long train of direful events, of wretchedness and cruelty, which would attend the success of your abominable designs, immediately excite our indignation and abhorrence for the man who for a moment could harbor the base intention, however ridiculous the attempt. The folly of the measure compleats our mean opinion of the author.

The federal government, grown strong by the dignity and virtue of its administration, by the purity of its views, the candour and uprightness of its conduct at home and abroad, can apprehend no serious convulsion from the faint and unimportant murmerings of a few discontented, factious Jacobins.—The constitution has defined treason, and given the federal executive ample power to defend itself and the union from its attacks.

It exercised this power against the insurrection in the westward on the excise law, and sufficiently manifested its strength.—This was called a serious rebellion, and made more so from the general sentiment which then pervaded the whole continent, and indeed strongly affected the opinions and manners of a great part of Europe.—I mean a sentiment of licentious liberty and imaginary democracy, which conceived all laws, however wholesome and necessary, as oppressions on the people—and also that a town meeting, or any self-created assembly of the people, could protest against the acts of lawful authority, constituting themselves a court of appeal for the final decision of the measures of government, approving or rejecting as they may see meet.

In the moment when this infatuation raged the highest, the President summoned the militia of the states to suppress the insurrection; and so impressive was this act, characteristic of a determined spirit to preserve the peace, constitution and happiness of the nation, that thousands returned to obedience; some, who had been deluded by the base suggestions of influential characters, began to reflect, and were convinced of their error; others, who from worse motives rebelled, were terrified with the prompt and energetic measures of the President—whilst, he was supported by the consciousness of performing his duty, the approbation of the constitution, and the determined adherence of every good man.

As a fellow-citizen, Sir, I advise you to pause for a moment, before you provoke the strength of the federal government—consider whether the opposition to the sedition and alien bills is more popular than the opposition to the excise law—whether your strength is much superior to the strength of the western insurgents—whether the federal executive has less power and firmness now than formerly; and on what generally you ground your hopes of success: these are prudent considerations for an insurgent to make, before he openly declares himself—before he unfurls the standard of rebellion, and dares to defy the anthority of a powerful and virtuous government. There should, sir, be a system in lawless as well as in lawful undertakings, and you will certainly commit yourself by rejecting this prudent advice.

That you are opposed to the sedition and alien bills, because you think them unconstitutional, I can never believe. If you have been taught to read, and have got the constitution of the United States before you, ten minutes reading would destroy any such belief. But this I verily think, that these bills greatly incommode both yourself and your partisans, by sealing your lips when you are inclined to rail against the federal government, and impose on some of your ignorant countrymen, whom, by your artifice and seeming sincerity, you would inveigle into your monstrous schemes.—These bills are inconvenient to you, as they restrain your freedom of declamation out of doors (not protected by the privilege of the house) when you would rouse the commonwealth to arms to assault the constitution the existence of a President; and under the disguise of maintaining the freedom of the people and the constiution in its original purity, aim at dominion for yourself and a few of your partizans, vassalage to your fellow citizens, destruction to the laws and an unrestrained exercise of ambition, power and the passions. Minds grown familiar with vice can contemplate the horrid, bloody scenes which continually succeed each other in a civil war without an emotion of either pity or fear; pity for the ruin of domestic happiness or of a flourishing country, where tranquility is followed by uproar and confusion, plenty by famine, riches by poverty, peace by war, and a whole train of innumerable miseries. Fear, from the just vengeance of Heaven, for the infamous abuse of such blessings as America enjoys under the wisest of Presidents and best of governments—fear, from the indignation of a whole people made wretched by your artifice and treason—fear, from a justly incensed government, abused by men whom it endeavours to make happy, and who are sheltered by its wing.

Such men as you, sir, can meditate with a smiling countenance on the torrent of blood which would deluge this happy land—at the slaughter of your countrymen—the downfall of government—ruin of trade, sooner than not succeed in your favorite scheme of elevating yourselves above the laws of your country, the restraints of justice, morality and religion.

This is a species of depravity exclusively attached to Jacobins—the delicious contemplation of a happy country made wretched by their means, is a dainty precisely adapted to their palates—it is a dish served up to decorate the table of the *highest Jacobin* in the nation.

If these observations disturb your mind, I shall be much gratified. I wish to disturb—to agitate it—that I may divert it from its infamous purpose; for although your designs may give some trouble to government, they will only draw punishment on yourself.

A FEDERALIST.

MR. FENNO,

PLEASE to give the following Copy of the late Doctor SAMUEL COOPER'S Will, a place in your paper. It will shew that the Doctor not only lived *but* died *a benefactor to his fellow creatures.*

I, SAMUEL COOPER, late of Maryland, but now of Philadelphia, Physician, do make my last will and testament, in manner and form following:

I will, that my debts be discharged, and my funeral expences paid by my executors.

Having always abhorred slavery in every shape, I have freed all my Negroes by executing, as I apprehend, proper manumissions; but, if any thing is informally done, or any thing is wanting to complete their emancipation, I request my executors to do it, and to liberate the girls at eighteen, and the boys at twenty one years of age, if any of them survive me, and to charge the expence to my estate; and I allow my executors, if they see occasion, to pay any charge that may be found necessary by them, to procure suitable places for the young children, and to secure to them the opportunity of obtaining a little school learning.

Item.—I will, that my executors collect my outstanding debts, in particular, a legacy of one hundred and fifty pounds with its interest, which was left me by my Grandfather, Thomas Winchester, deceased.

Item.—I will, that my executors hereafter named, shall sell at any time they may think best, at public or private sale, for cash or on credit, at their own discretion, my two plantations or tracts of land in Talbot county, in the state of Maryland, with all their improvements, and make good and sufficient titles for the said lands and improvements, to the purchaser or purchasers in fee simple; and all the monies arising therefrom (after payment of my debts and providing, if need be, for my young Negroes, as above mentioned) I give with all the securities they may take for the said lands, *to the CONTRIBUTORS of the PENNSYLVANIA HOSPITAL.* But as it may happen, that I may sell those lands myself, which I have some thoughts of doing, it is my will in that case, that the said contributors shall have and possess all the monies and securities I take for both or either of those places, in the same manner as if my executors were to sell them, under the preceeding directions.

Having served my apprenticeship in the Pennsylvania Hospital, I know it to be a most valuable and useful institution, not only as the best asylum in America for Lunatics and the sick poor, but also the best school of instruction for a Medical Pupil. With these sentiments, I esteem it a duty I owe to the community, to devote my earthly substance to encourage and promote it in preference to any temporal consideration; *I do, therefore* give to the contributors to the said Hospital, and to their successors forever, as well my said two plantations, as all the monies that may arise from the sale thereof, by me, or by my executors, and all my other estate both real and personal whatsoever, to and for the following uses.

Item.—I request them to buy a neat substantial Coachee, or light waggon that will conveniently hold a driver and six persons with its furniture complete, to procure which I allow them to pay a sum not to exceed six hundred dollars.

Item—I request them to buy two good found and able bodied horses, neither of which to be more than eight years old, in the opinion of good judges to purchase which I allow them to expend a sum not exceeding five hundred dollars.

Item.—I allow them to retain of my estate any sum they may think sufficient to pay a coachman two year's wages.

Item,—I recommend that the carriage or horses may never be lent from the house, nor suffered to be out all night, unless the carriage is sent to be mended, or the horses to pasture; that it be used only for the patients and their needful attendants, or to bring to, or take from the hospital, the managers, treasurer or physicians, when employed in the service of the house; and it is further my desire, that the horses may never be drove on any pretence more than sixteen miles in one day. And as to the residue (my debts, funeral expences, and provision for my young Negroes, which are to be paid and made before the Hospital Contributors receive any part of my estate) my will is, that it may be added to, and become a part of the capital stock, for the general use of the house, and I trust it will be enough to purchase and support at all times, a carriage for the use of the patients, if the managers shall approve thereof.

Lastly, I nominate and appoint my friends Samuel Coates, Thomas Morris, Mordecai Lewis, and Elliston Perot, the executors of this my last will and testament, hereby revoking and making null and void, every other will by me heretofore made.

In witness whereof, I have hereunto affixed my hand and subscribed my name this fifteenth day of August one thousand seven hundred and ninety seven.

(L.S.) SAMUEL COOPER.

Signed, sealed, &c. &c.

DONATIONS

Received by the Committee appointed by the Board of Health, to distribute the Donations for alleviating the distresses of those who are suffering in consequence of the late calamity: viz.

12th Month 24th, 1798.

1510 dollars 55 cents from the Board of Health, being donations received by them.

3000 dollars from Robert Wharton, Mayor of this city, being the donation received by him from Savannah, in Georgia.

4 barrels of Pork and Beef, 50 barrels of loose pack'd Rye, Buckwheat and Indian Meal, 5 small pieces of Bacon, 200 bushels of Potatoes, 4 bushels of Turnips, a few Cheeses, 2 bundles of Clothes, 13 spotted rugs, 3 diaper coverlids, 2 pair of rose blankets, 2 pieces of white bays, 59 yards striped lindsey, 53¾ mixed coating, 13 yards 6-4 mixed coating, 23 yards 6-4 striped do. 20 pair boys' yarn hose, 10 pair mens' do. 3 yards broad cloth, and 4 pair of mens' shoes, from the Committee appointed at the time of the late general sickness, for the relief of the sick and infirm poor, being the residue of donations received by them.

29*th.*—Near 40 barrels of flour, Bread, pork, and fish, 3 tierces of rice, 2 tierces of bacon, 1 barrel of cheese, 1 keg of butter, 1 keg of tamarinds, a small quantity of tea and ginger, 100 bushels of potatoes, and a large chest of old clothes from the Committee who superintended the encampment on the banks of Schuylkill, being the residue of their donations.

90 cords of wood from the commissioners appointed by the Governor in the year 1797, for carrying into effect a law for alleviating the distresses of the citizens of Philadelphia and suburbs.

1st Month 12th, 1799.

97 barrels of wheat, rye, Indian and buckwheat meal, 100 bushels of potatoes, and 99 pair of shoes assorted, from the Committee appointed to superintend the encampment at Master's place, being the remainder of donations received by them.

1800 dollars from the Board of Health, being donations received by them.

23 dollars 10 cents from Francis Guerney, being a donation received by him.

19*th.*—16 dollars 50 cents from the inhabitants of Salem and Mannington, by the hands of John Wistar.

26*th.*—10 dollars 80 cents from the traverse jury of the late Mayor's Court, being part of their fees, received from Robert Wharton, Mayor.

250 lbs. rye meal from ——— of this city,

About 20 bushels of potatoes from A. H. of this city.

28*th.*—479 dollars 30 cents from the inhabitants of Charleston, state of Massachusetts, forwarded by Dr. Moore, to Ebenezer Hazard, and from him received.

Note. The above donations, together with a large quantity of wood and provisions purchased by the Committee, are nearly all distributed, and but a small balance of cash last in the hands of the treasurer.

By order of the committee.

EDWARD GARRIGUES, Chairman.

Attest,

P. BARKER, Clerk.

1st mo. 30, 1799.

AMOUNT of FLOUR, shipped for exportation, at the port of Philadelphia, in the year 1798:

Shipped in	January	4894 barrels
	February	7402
	March	29887
	April	11019
	May	9116
	June	12667
	July	7648
	August	7157
	September	1775
	October	1544
	November	3110
	December	4256
	In all	100475 barrels.

JAMES READ, Inspector.

Philadelphia, 12th Jan. 1799.

MARRIED]—on Wednesday, Jan. 2d, by the Rev. Dr. Rodgers, Mr. PETER P. WALTER, of this city, to the amiable Miss MARY REILEY, daughter of Martin Reiley, Esq. of Bedford, Pennsylvania.

—— On Thursday evening by the Rev. Mr. Abercrombie, Mr. ALEXANDER J. MILLER, merchant, to Miss STOCKER, of this city.

——, *On Thursday the 24th of January, by the Rev. Dr. Samuel Jones, Mr. WILLIAM MAGHEE, of this city, to the amiable Miss FRANCES HOLME, daughter of Mr. John Holme, of Pennypack, Philadelphia county.*

NOTICE.

Is given to all those indebted to the firms of

Jackson & Evens,
John B. Evens, & Co.
Evens & Bullock,
Whitton, Evens & Co. and
John B. Evens.

THAT the Subscriber is fully authorized to adjust and settle the affairs of those concerns; and that SUITS will be indiscriminately commenced on all accounts that remain unpaid on the 20th day of March next.

John B. Evens,
No, 119, South Third-Street.

feb 2 eod6w

BOARDING.

TWO orderly Gentlemen may be accommodated with genteel boarding and lodging in a private family (pleasantly situated) near to Market and Third-streets, by applying for Q. C. at the office of this paper.

feb. 2. ¶3t

Weekly Magazine.

THE Patrons of the WEEKLY MAGAZINE, lately published by Mr. *James Watters* and the public, are respectfully informed, that it is intended to re-commence the publication of it in a short time. The present proprietor having obtained the assent of Mrs. Watters, (the late Editor's mother) and purchased from her all the numbers on hand, informs the former subscribers to that work, that those numbers published by Mr. Watters which remain to be delivered, shall shortly be sent to them with the Index and Appendix to the second volume, which is also nearly ready for delivery to those who take the work in volumes.

The present proprietor assures the public that the work shall be conducted on *the same principles,* and upon *the same terms* that it was by the former editor; and that as no exertion shall be spared to render it worthy of the public regard, he confidently hopes the same liberality which heretofore countenanced, will still continue to support it.

Subscriptions, upon the original terms will be received by the principal Book-sellers.

February 2.

ADVERTISEMENT.

TODD & MOTT,

Of the City of Philadelphia, Merchants, having assigned over their effects, real, personal, and mixed, to the subscribers for the benefit of all their Creditors—

Notice is hereby Given,

TO all persons who are indebted to the said estate, that they are required to make immediate payment of their respective accounts to either of the assignees, or to WILLIAM MOTT, No. 62, Dock-street, their agent duly authorized; in failure whereof, legal measures will be taken for the recovery of such debts as are not discharged without delay.

John Waddington
John Rhodes
John Allen. } Assignees.

tu.th&satF1

SAMUEL PARKER,

BRASS AND BELL FOUNDER,

No. 137, *MULBERRY-STREET.*

CONTINUES to carry on the Brass-foundery Business as usual, where his former customers and the public may be supplied with castings for machines to any pattern, rudder braces, bolts, &c. for ships.

It may be proper to add, that, as it has been reported he had declined the business, S. P. takes this means of informing the public that he is making arrangements to carry it on still more extensively, hoping thereby to comply promptly with such orders as he may have to execute.

☞ BELLS, of any size, cast for churches and other institutions; printers rules, &c.

jan. 23 co3t

PRINTING WORK,

Of Every Kind,

EXECUTED AT THE SHORTEST NOTICE,

At the OFFICE *of the* GAZETTE *of the* UNITED STATES,

Oct. dtf.

PROPOSALS,

BY THE

Insurance Company of North America.

For INSURANCE against FIRE, on Dwelling-Houses, Ware-Houses, and other Buildings (and on Goods contained in such Buildings) distant from Philadelphia, in the United States.

I. Common Insurances, on hazards of the first class, will be undertaken at a premium of about half per cent. per annum. For extra hazardous risques a larger premium will be required, which will vary according to circumstances, seldom exceeding one per cent. per annum; but in some instances, where the property insured is not only in itself extra hazardous, but rendered still more so by the vicinity of extra hazardous buildings and occupations, the premium demanded will be raised according to circumstances.

Houses and Ware-Houses, the walls and pertitions of which are wholly of stone or brick, well constructed, so as to be guarded as well as may be against fires from within, and free from extra hazardous buildings and occcupations in their neighborhood, will be deemed hazardous of the first class, and may be insured to their full value.

Also Goods and Merchandize, not of an extra hazardous kind, in casks, bales, or packages, deposited in such buildings, to an amount not exceeding 4000 dollars; but if more than this sum is required to be insured in one tenement, an additional premium will be required, in proportion to circumstances.

II. Insurances will also be made on buildings and goods extra hazardous, at premiums proportioned to the risque. But it is not easy to arrange these under particular heads or classes, so as to describe each with the necessary accuracy. Each case must therefore be decided upon according to the circumstances attending it; and these circumstances will, in general, appear from the description accompanying the application.

Buildings partly constructed of brick or stone, are preferable to those wholly wooden. And in both cases, the stile of building, how they are occupied, how they are situated, the neighboring buildings, and how occupied, are considerations to be taken into view. And with respect to goods, their tendency, whether from their nature, or from the manner in which they are exposed, either to commence or to increase an accidental fire, and their liability in such state to receive damage by wet, or by sudden and hasty removal, or to be stolen in time of confusion and hurry, are all circumstances of weight; and the premiums must be proportioned accordingly.

III. The following conditiont are to be understood by the parties.

1st. The Insurance is not binding till the stipulated premium be paid; but it shall be deemed effectual from the time of such payment and acceptance thereof, whether the policy be immediately signed or not.

2d. Insurances may be renewed at the expiration of the term of the policy, without further expenses than the payment of the premium of the renewed term, the circumstances continuing the same as they were understood by the Insurers at the time the former insurance was made; but the payment of the premium is essential to such renewal; and if the party insured suffers any time to elapse after the expiration of the former insurance, before he pays a premium for the renewal, he is not insured during such time; nor can the insurance be renewed on the former policy but by computing the commencement of the renewal from the expiration of the former insurance. The subject of insurance may nevertheless be open to treaty for a new insurance.

3d. If any other insurance be made on the same property; it must be made known at the time of application, otherwise the policy made on such application will be void.

4th Goods held in trust, or on consignment, may be insured as such in a separate policy; but they are not to be considered as insured otherwise.

5th. This company will not be liable or accountable for any loss or damage occasioned by any foreign invasion, or by any military or usurped force or by reason of any civil commotion; or occasioned by gunpowder, aquafortis or other thing of the like kind kept in the building, or amongst the property insured.

6th. Bills of Exchange, Bonds and other Securities, Title Deeds, Money, Bank and other promissory Notes, are not included in any insurance; nor are paintings, medals, jewels, gems, antique curiosities, or mirrors exceeding the value of twenty-five dollars each, to be considered as insured unless particularly mentioned and by special agreement.

7th. No insurance will be made for a shorter term than one year, nor for a longer term than seven years. Persons choosing to insure for seven years shall be allowed one year's premium by way of discount: One third of a years premium shall be abated in like manner on an insurance for three years.

8th. Losses sustained by fire on property insured, shall be paid in thirty days after due proof and liquidation thereof, without deduction.

A description of the property to be insured will be expected with each application, to be made by a master carpenter and signed by him, as well as by the owner of the building or applicant for insurance, and attested before a Notary or principal Magistrate, who will certify his knowledge of the parties and their credibility.

With respect to Houses and other Buildings.

1st. The site and position; describing the street or road on or near which the building stands; its contiguity to water, and other circumstances relative to the extinguishment of fire in case of accident; and particularly whether any and what fire companies are established, and engines provided, in the place or neighbourhood.

2d. The materials of which it is built, whether of brick, stone or wood, and what part of each, as well as to the outside walls as inside or partition walls, and their respective height and thickness; the style of the roof and of what materials; how secured by battlements or party walls; what kind of access to the top of the house and to the chimnies; whether any and what electric rods; the number and kind of fire places; and the kind of deposit for ashes.

3d. The dimensions of the building and how divided, and the style in which it is finished so as to enable indifferent persons to judge in what manner it is to be repaired or rebuilt in case of injury; the age and condition of the building, and how occupied, whether merely as a dwelling house, or for any other, and for what purpose; also an estimate of the value of the house or building independent of the ground.

4th. The situation with respect to other buildings or back buildings, whether adjoining or not, comprehending at least one hundred feet each way: what kind of buildings are within that distance, how built, of what materials, and how occupied or improved, whether as dwellings for private families or otherwise: whether any and what trade or manufactory is carried on, and particularly whether there be any extra hazardous articles used, or usually deposited in the house, or within the distance aforesaid, and of what kind.

Respecting *goods* in Houses, Warehouses, &c.

1. A general description of the building in which they are kept will be expected, similar in all respects, as to the danger from fire, with that required for Insurance on the buildings themselves.

2. A description of the kinds and nature of the goods, whether in casks or other packages, or opened; and whether displayed in whole pieces or in the usual form for retailing. And if the goods vary materially in kind, a general estimate of the value of each kind proposed to be insured; but in the last particular minuteness of description is not expected.

3. Articles of the following kinds are deemed extra-hazardous, though in various degrees, in whatever building they may be placed, viz. pitch, tar, turpentine, rosin, wax, tallow, oil, inflammable spirits, sulphur, hemp, flax, cotton, dry goods of an inflammable kind, opened.—Glass, china ware or procelain, especially unpacked; Looking glasses, jewelery; and all other articles more than commonly inflammable, or more than commonly liable to injury by sudden removal or by moistures, or particularly obnoxious to theft on an alarm of fire.

Letters post paid, directed to the Secretary of the Board of Directors, will be duly attended to. An *order* for Insurance accompanied by the means of paying the premium, will be immediately executed on the premium being paid. If the application contain an *enquiry* only, it will be answered.

By order of the Board,

Ebenezer Hazard, sec'ry.

Office of the Insurance Company *of* North America; *Philad. Feb.* 1, 1798.

feb 1

PROPOSALS,

FOR CARRYING

Mails of the United States,

On the following roads, will be received at the General Post-Office, until the 13th day of February next, inclusive.

1st. FROM Philadelphia by Bristol, Trenton, Princeton, New-Brunswick, Woodbridge, Raway, Elizabethtown and Newark to New-York six times a week.

From May 1 to November 1.

Leave Philadelphia every day (Sunday excepted) at 1 P. M. and arrive at New-York in nineteen hours, the next day (Sunday excepted) by 8 o'clock, A. M.—Returning; leave New-York every day (Sunday excepted) at 1 P. M. and arrive at Philadelphia in eighteen hours the next day (Sunday excepted) by 7 A. M.

From November 1 to May 1,

The mail is to be taken from Philadelphia at the same hour and delivered at New-York by 9 A. M. in 20 hours; and is to be taken from New-York at 1 P. M. and delivered at Philadelphia at 8 A. M. in nineteen hours.

2d. From Philadelphia by Chester, Wilmington, Newport, Christiana, Elkton, Charleston, Havre-de-Grace and Harford to Baltimore, six times a week. Leave Philadelphia every day (Sunday excepted) at 9 A. M. and arrive at Baltimore in 27 hours, the next day (Sunday excepted) at noon Returning; leave Baltimore every day (Sunday excepted) at 4 A. M. and arrive at Philadelphia the next day by 9 A. M. in 27 hours.

3d. From Baltimore by Bladensburgh, Washington and Georgetown, to Alexandria six times a week.

From April 1 to November 1.

Leave Baltimore every day (Sunday excepted) at 4 A. M. and arrive at Alexandria the same days by 6 P. M. Returning—Leave Alexandria every day (Sunday excepted) at 4 A. M. and arrive at Baltimore the same day by 4 o'clock P M.

From November 1 to April 1.

Leave Baltimore every day (Sunday excepted) at 4 A. M. and arrive at Alexandria the next day (Sunday excepted) at 8 A. M. Returning—Leave Alexandria every day (Sunday excepted) at 5 P. M. and arrive at Baltimore the next day (Sunday excepted) at 4½ P. M.

4th. From Philadelphia by Downingtown, Lancaster, Columbia, York, Carlisle, Shippensburg, Strasburgh, Bedford, Somerset and Greensburgh to Pittsburgh once a week. Leave Philadelphia every Saturday at 4 A. M. arrive at Lancaster in the evening, arrive at York on Sunday noon, at Shippensburg on Monday, at 6 P. M. Leave Shippensburg on Tuesday at 4 A. M. and arrive at Pittsburg the next Friday at 10 A. M. Returning—Leave Pittsburgh every Friday at 3 P. M. and arrive at Shippensburg the next Monday by 6 P. M. Leave Shippensburg on Tuesday at 4 A. M. and arrive at Philadelphia the next Thursday by 8 P. M.

Note 1. The contracts for the above routes are to be in operation on the first day of April next. The contracts for the routes No. 1, 2, 3, are to continue in operation until the first day of October in the year 1800; and the contract for the route No. 4 is to continue until the first day of October in the year 1801.

Note 2. Fifteen minutes shall be allowed for opening and closing the mail at all offices on the routes where no particular time is specified.

Note 3. For every fifteen minutes delay (the impassibility of rivers excepted) in arriving after the times prescribed, in any contract, the contractor shall forfeit one dollar; and if the delay continue till the departure of any depending mail, whereby the mails destined for such depending mail lose a trip, an additional forfeiture of five dollars shall be incurred.

Note 4. If any persons making proposals desires an alteration of the times specified he must state in his proposals the alteration desired and the difference it will make in the terms of his contract.

Note 5. The usual penalties for misconduct in the carriers will be stipulated in the contract.

Note 6. The mail on the route No. 1, shall be carried in a Sulkey during three months of the winter season, having a box or chest to secure the mail from rain. The mails on that route during the rest of the year and the routes No. 2 and 3 shall be always carried in a light box sufficient to defend it from the rain, or a box within the body of the stage.

JOS. HABERSHAM, P. M. General.

General Post-Office, Philad. Jan. 1, 1799.

e06w

DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA, TO WIT

BE IT REMEMBERED,

(L. S.) THAT on the tenth day of December, in the twenty third year of the Independence of the United States of America, JOHN LAMBERT of the said District, hath deposited in this office the title of a book, the right whereof he claims as author in the words following, to wit:

"A short and practical Essay on Farming; being the experience of a farmer of about sixty "years of age, near forty years of which were "spent in England, Essex county, on land where "farming is done in the greatest perfection, "and near seven years on three hundred and "twenty acres of worn-out land in Pottsgrove and "Alloway creek, in Salem, county, West-Jersey—"Shewing the means whereby these worn-out "lands may be improved, and that the means are "in the power of almost every farmer."

In conformity to the act of the Congress of the United States, intituled "An act for the encouragement of learning, by securing the copies of maps, charts and books to the authors and proprietors of such copies during the terms therein mentioned."

D. CALDWELL.

Clerk of the District of Pennsylvania.

dec. 13 12aw4w

A Farm for Sale.

WILL be sold, in pursuance of an order of Orphans Court of Delaware county, on Monday the 25th February next, at the house of W. Anderson, in the Borough of Chester, at one o'clock, P. M.

THE PLANTATION,

Late the property of Raper Hoskins, deceased, situate in the said Borough, containing about 220 acres, of which between 43 and 50 acres are excellent upland and marsh meadow; about 40 acres of woodland; the remainder is arable land, of a good quality—The whole has been used for many years as a grazing farm and is under an almost new cedar fence; there are on the farm a good two story stone dwelling house and kitchen in good repair; the dwelling house has four rooms on a floor, with a convenient entry; there is a good kitchen garden, two good apple orchards, one containing about six acres young and healthy; a good tenant's house, barn, stables and chair house. The banks are in good repair, and walled in front with stone.

Also at the same time and place will be sold 15 acres of marsh meadow, in the neighbourhood of the farm, under good bank, and in high cultivation. Any person desirous of viewing the premises, will be shewn them by applying in Chester to

ELEANOR HOSKINS, Admin'x.

January 18, 1799.

Who desires all those indebted to the late R. Hoskins, to make immediate payment, and those who have demands against his estate, to present them to her for settlement.

3awtdf

PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS the honorable JOHN D COXE, esq. President of the Court of Common Pleas, and of the Courts of Oyer and Terminer and General Goal Delivery, in the first Circuit, consisting of the city and county of Philadelphia, and the counties of Bucks, Montgomery and Delaware, Wm. Robinson, the younger, Jonathan Bayard Smith, and Reynold Keen, esquires, Judges of the Court of Common Pleas, and Justices of the Courts of Oyer and Terminer and General Goal Delivery, in the said county of Philadelphia, have issued their Precept bearing date the 18th day of January, 1799, and to me directed, for holding a Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Goal Delivery, at the State-house in the said City of Philadelphia, on the 18th day of February next

Notice is hereby given to the Mayor, Recorder and Aldermen of the City of Philadelphia, and to all the Justices of the Peace, the Coroner, and Constables within the same City and Counties of Philadelphia, that they be then and there, in their own proper persons, with their Rolls, Records, Inquisitions, Examinations and other Remembrances, to do those things which to their offices in that behalf appertain to be done. And also all those who will prosecute against the Prisoners that are or shall be in the Goal of the City and County of Philadelphia, are to be then and there to prosecute against them as shall be just.

JONATHAN PENROSE, *sheriff.*

God save the Common-Wealth.

jan. 24. 22w

DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA, TO WIT:

BE IT REMEMBERED,

(L S) THAT on the twelfth day of August, in the twenty-third year of the Independence of the United States of America, Benjamin Smith Barton, of the said district, hath deposited in this office the title of a book the right whereof he claims as author in the words following to wit:

"New Views of the Origin of the Tribes and "Nations of America—By Benjamin Smith Bar"ton, M. D. Correspondent Member of the Socie"ty of the Antiquaries of Scotland, Member of "the American Philosophical Society, Fellow of "the American Academy of Arts and Sciences of "Boston, Corresponding Member of the Massa"chusetts Historical Society, and Professor of "Materia Medica, Natural History and Botany "in the University of Pennsylvania."

In conformity to the act of the Congress of the United States, intitled "An act for the encouragement of learning by securing the copies of maps, charts, and books, to the authors and proprietor, of such copies during the times therein mentioned."

SAMUEL CALDWELL, Clerk, Dist. of Penn'

November 2, 1798.

AN ACT,

Limiting the time within which claims against the United States, for credits on the books of the Treasury, may be presented for allowance

BE *it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled*, That all credits on the books of the Treasury of the United Staaes, for transactions during the late war, which, according to the course of the Treasury have hitherto been discharged by issuing certificates of registered debt, shall be forever barred and precluded from settlement or allowance, unless claimed by the proper creditors, or their legal representatives, on or before the first day of March, in the year one thousand seven hundred and ninety-nine. And the Secretary of the Treasury is hereby required to cause this Act to be published in one or more of the public papers of each state.

(Signed) JONATHAN DAYTON,

Speaker of the House of Representatives.

THEODORE SEDGWICK,

President of the Senate. Pro. Tem.

Approved July 9, 1798.

JOHN ADAMS,

President of the United States.

December 13. w t 1st Mar.

January 23d, 1799.

IN pursuance of a resolve of the President and Managers of the Delaware and Schuylkill Canal Company,

The Stockholders are hereby notified and required to pay ten dollars on each of their respective shares of stock, on or before the first day of March next, to the Treasurer of the Company at their office near the Bank of Pennsylvania.

Extract from the minutes,

GEORGE WORRALL, Sec'ry.

WILLIAM GOVETT, Treasurer.

jan. 25. frsa4w.

Country Seats for Sale.

TWO Seats at convenient distances from Philadelphia, each comprising perfect accommodation and conveniences of every kind for a genteel family—For particulars enquire of

EDWARD BONSALL & Co.

No. 64, Dock-street,

1st mo. 31. ¶ 22w6w

This day Published,

AND FOR SALE AT THIS OFFICE,

The ESSAYS under the Signature of

VIRGINIENSIS,

ON THE ALIEN AND SEDITION LAWS.

(Price 25 cents, 12mo.)

IT is perhaps futile to expect to work conviction in the minds of so inveterate and vicious a class of men, as the Democrats of America, by any arguments however forcible, or any display of truth, however irresistible: These writings are, however, calculated to produce a more important and useful effect, by placing the subject in its true light before honest men, who are uninformed, or have been misinformed as to the nature and objects of those bills.

jan. 15 6t

AN ELEGANT ASSORTMENT OF

Madras Handkerchiefs,

FOR SALE BY

Mordecai Lewis.

jan. 26. d2w

40 Boxes of Fresh Citron

Just arrived via New-York, and for Sale by

JOHN CRAIG,

Who has also for Sale,

Old Madeira Wine

of the first quality,

India Muslins,

coarse and fine, &c.

A quantity of the best English large leaf

Clover Seed.

jan. 21. d1w

TO BE SOLD,

A two story Stone House,

LATELY built, with two acres of land, on the Bristol road, about a mile above Frankfort. The situation is high and healthy, and the water excellent.—For terms apply to Mr. *John McClelland*, or Mr. *Richard Whitehead*, No. 62, Vine-street.

Jan. 21 2w

PUBLIC NOTICE

IS hereby given, that application will be made to the Directors of the Bank of Pennsylvania for the renewal of a Certificate for a share in the said Bank, No. 1282, dated July 24th 1797, standing in the name of JOSEPH REED, the same having been accidentally lost or destroyed,

Philad. Jan. 25. d6w

FILTERING STONES.

Of an excellent quality for Ships or Families

FOR SALE BY

Thomas & Joshua Fisher,

No. 5, Dock street.

1st mo. 25. d2w

ALL PERSONS

Indebted to the Estate of Mr. JOHN FENNO, late of Philadelphia, deceased, are desired to make payment, and those having any demands, to present them for settlement, to

SAMUEL BLODGET, Adm'r.

or

JOHN WARD FENNO, Agent to the administration.

nov. 30 6m

JAMAICA RUM,

A Cargo now landing at South street wharf,

FOR SALE BY

PETER BLIGHT,

Apply at Stores on the Wharf,

WHO ALSO OFFERS FOR SALE,

BRANDY, 1st and 4th proof

Madeira and Port WINES, &c. &c.

Nov. 1. dtf

Five Dollars Reward.

STOLEN yesterday morning, between 10 and 12 o'clock, from No. 68, South Fourth Street,

A Single case Silver Watch,

the maker's name Marknoble—number not known. The letters W. H. are scratched on the rim of the case—a steel chain and key, gilt seal with a cypher W. H. engraved on it. Whoever will give me information so that the thief may be brought to justice shall receive the above reward.

W. HAYDON.

jan. 21

Stray Horse.

WAS taken up, trespassing on the subscriber, in the township of Passyunk, in the county of Philadelphia, a grey Horse, about fourteen hands high, thirteen or fourteen years old, blind of his right eye, and shod before. Whoever has lost him, by proving property and paying charges, may him again on applying to the subscriber.

JOHN SINK,

On the Banks of Schuylkill.

jan. 19, ¶

WHEREAS

ISAAC PAINTER having made an assignment of all his property to me the subscriber for the benefit of his creditors, this is to request all persons indebted to the said Isaac Painter, to prevent further trouble, to make immediate payment to me the subscriber; and all those having any demands against him to render in their accounts to

JACOB CLARK, Assignee.

jan. 26 dtf

NOTICE,

PURSUANT to a Resolve of the Board of Trustees of Washington Academy, in Somerset county, Maryland, authorising WILLIAM POLK, esqr. majors SAMUEL WILSON, and WILLIAM JONES, Members of said Board, to procure a principal teacher for said Academy.—NOTICE is hereby given, that a gentleman qualified to teach the Greek and Latin Languages, Geography and the Mathematics, and such other branches of Literature as it is customary to teach in such Schools, will meet with liberal encouragement and it is presumed will be well accommodated in taking charge of this Academy. The building is spacious and will accomodate at least sixty Students.

Proposals may be addressed to John Dennis, No. 161 Arch-street, or William Winder, accountant in the Navy department, Walnut street, Philadelphia, or to either of the three gentlemen above mentioned, near Princess Anne, Maryland.

dec 17 §

BREAD

TO be delivered to the Poor of the City and Liberties at Friends Meeting-House in Market, the corner of Second, street, on Friday the 15 of February, at 10 o'clock, agreeable to the wills of Petty and Carter.

The guardians of the poor are requested to give their attendance agreeable to a resolve of the General Board of the 24th instant.

Jonathan Robeson, President of the General Board of Guardians

Philadelphia, January 28, 1799 dtFr

WANTED,

To Article for two or three years a young Man to a profitable business—For particulars enquire at no. 68, south Fourth street

A person who has some knowledge of painting or drawing would be preferred.

W. HAYDON,

WHO HAS

A Cellar to Let.

jan 11 §

This Day is Published,

AND FOR SALE BY J. FENNO, 119, CHESNUT-STREET

AN ADDRESS

To the People of Maryland,

ON the origin, progress and present state of French aggression, with a sketch of the infamous attempts to degrade the Government of the United States, and some reflections on the late proceedings in Congress; written the last of April in the present year, by a Member of the House of Representatives. § june 11

WHEREAS,

BY an Act of Congress passed on the sixteenth day of July in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and ninety eight, the President of the United States is authorised to borrow on behalf of the United States from the Bank of the United States, or from any other body or bodies politic or corporate, or from any person or persons, and upon such terms and conditions as he shall judge most advantageous for the United States, a sum not exceeding five millions of dollars, so however, that no contract or engagement be made which shall preclude the United States from reimbursing any sum or sums borrowed at any time after the expiration of fifteen years from the date of such loan. *And whereas*, it is declared by the said Act, that so much as may be necessary of the surplus of the duties on Imports and Tonnage beyond the permanent appropriations heretoforecharged upon them by law, shall be pledged and appropriated for paying the interest, and also for paying and discharging the principal sum or sums of all the monies which may be borrowed, according to the term or terms which may be fixed, pursuant to the authority aforesaid—*And whereas* by the said Act, the faith of the United States is pledged to establish sufficient permanent Revenues for making up any deficiency that may hereafter appear in the provisions before-mentioned for paying the interest and principal sums, or either of them, of any monies which may be borrowed pursuant to the said Act. *And whereas* the President of the United States did by an Act or Commission under his hand dated the ninth day of January in the year one thousand seven hundred and ninety nine, authorise and empower, the Secretary of the Treasury, to borrow on behalf of the United States, any sum not exceeding in the whole, five millions of dollars and to make such contract or contracts as should be necessary, and for the interest of the United States, in pursuance of the Act of Congress above recited.

Now therefore, the undersigned, Secretary of the Treasury, in pursuance of the Act of Congress, and the authority from the President of the United States, above mentioned, doth hereby on behalf of the United States of America, contract and engage in manner following, *to wit.*

1st. A book for receiving subscriptions to a Loan of five millions of dollars for the use of the United States shall be opened in the city of Philadelphia, at the Bank of the United States on Thursday the twenty eighth day of February ensuing, which book shall continue open for the purpose of receiving subscriptions, until the whole of the said five millions of dollars shall be subscribed. If more than five millions of dollars shall be subscribed on the first day of opening the said loan, the surplus shall be deducted in proportion to the sums subscribed by individuals, exceeding four thousand dollars.

2d. For every hundred dollars which may be subscribed there shall be forthwith deposited and paid the sum of twelve dollars and fifty cents, and like payments of twelve dollars and fifty cents, shall be made within the first ten days of the months of April, May, June, July, August September and October ensuing. The Secretary of the Treasury however reserves the right of reducing the number of installments by special agreements, with the individuals who may become subscribers.

3d. On the failure of payment of any installment of the sums subscribed according to the tenor of the second article, the next preceeding installment of twelve dollars and fifty cents, which shall have been paid, for every hundred dollars subscribed shall be forfeited to the United States.

4th, The sums subscribed shall and may be paid to the credit of the United States, at the Bank of the United States, or at the offices of discount and deposit of the said Bank at Boston, New-York, Baltimore, or Charleston, or at either of the Banks of Salem, in Massachusetts, Newport and Providence in Rhode-Island, Hartford in Connecticut, Albany in New-York, or Alexandria in Virginia, for which payments, the receipts of the Cashiers of the Offices of Discount and Deposit and of the Banks aforesaid shall be received at the Bank of the United States as equivalent to money; but no payment of a subsequent installment shall be received at any other place than that where the first installment was paid, except at the Bank of the United States; in case any deposits shall be made at the offices of Discount or Deposit, or at either of the Banks aforesaid, which shall not be applied to the payment of the first installment of subscriptions to the Loan aforesaid, the said deposits shall be forthwith refunded by directions from the Treasury.

5th. For the sums or number of shares of one hundred dollars, which may be subscribed, certificates shall be given by the Cashier of the Bank of the United States, which shall be assignable by indorsement, and delivery of the parties in whose favour the said certificates may be issued, until the completion of the payments required by the tenor of the second article preceeding.

6th. The sums subscribed and paid in pursuance of the tenor of the second article preceeding, shall after the said payments have been compleated, constitute a funded capital stock divisible into shares of one hundred dollars each, which capital stock shall bear interest at the rate of eight per centum per annum from the times fixed for the payment of the respective installments payable quarter yearly at the Treasury of the United States, or at the Loan Offices where the same may stand credited, until the last day of December, in the year one thousand eight hundred and eight.

7th. After the last day of December in the said year one thousand eight hundred and eight, and after reasonable notice to the creditors, which shall be given by an advertisement in some public newspaper, printed at the seat of the government of the United States, the said capital stock shall be redeemable at the pleasure of the United States by the reimbursement of the whole sum or sums borrowed, and which may constitute the said capital stock either at the treasury of the United States or at the loan offices where the same may stand credited.

8th. The credits for the said capital stock shall and may be separately certified in sums either for one hundred, four hundred, one thousand, four thousand or ten thousand dollars, and the credits so certified shall be transferable by the creditors, or their attornies, at the Treasury and Loan Offices respectively, in pursuance of the rules which have been, or which may be established relative to the transfer of the funded stock of the United States,

9th. A sufficient sum of the surplus of the duties on Imports and Tonnage beyond the permanent appropriations heretofore charged upon them by law, together with the faith of the United States are hereby pledged for the fulfillment of this contract, in pursuance of, and according to the terms and conditions of the act of Congress herein before recited.

Given under my hand and the seal of the Treasury of the United States at Philadelphia, this twelfth day of January one thousand seven hundred and ninety nine.

(L. S.)

OLIVER WOLCOTT,

Secretary of the Treasury.

jan. 12. §